



Aligning biomass production with HRDD and local food security: practical approaches



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ALIGNING BIOMASS PRODUCTION WITH HRDD AND LOCAL FOOD SECURITY: PRACTICAL APPROACHES















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17.01.2025, GFFA | Berlin Moderation: Lisa Marie Pyka, *Meo Carbon Solutions*

Opening Remarks

Dr. Rafaël Schneider, Welthungerhilfe & Dr. Jan Henke, Meo Carbon Solutions

Keynote Speech

Theresa Heering, Welthungerhilfe

Expert Presentations

Prof. Dr. Lena Partzsch, Freie Universität Berlin Max Jürgens, cattwyk Pia Lorenz, 4C Benedetta Camilli, Eni SpA Michael Kitetu, independent auditor

Panel Discussion

Closing Remarks

Swantje Nilsson, German Federal Ministry of Food and Agriculture (BMEL)







Welcome Remarks
Aligning Biomass Production with Human Rights Due Diligence



Dr. Jan Henke & Dr. Rafaël Schneider





Keynote Speech Food Security and Human Rights Due Diligence in Biomass Production



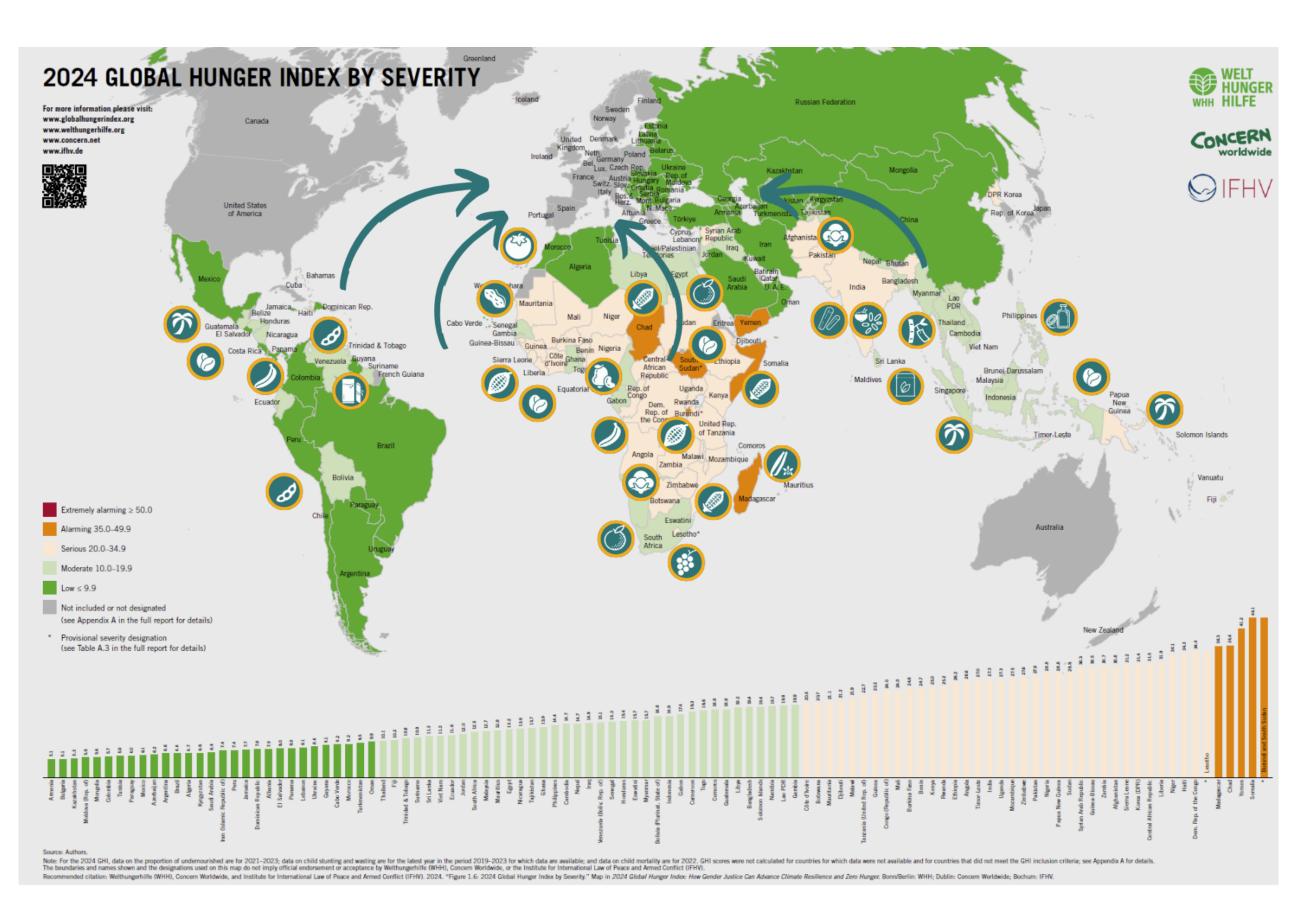
Theresa Heering



Human Rights abor Rights, Health

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION - A DRIVER OF SUSTAINABILITY AND SOCIAL IMPACT





Production

Aggregation

Processing

Distribution

Food Security & Nutrition

Environmental Protection

Governance

Technology & Innovation

POLITICAL COMMITMENTS WITHIN A GROWING FRAMEWORK



16 Berlin Agriculture Ministers' Conference Final Communiqué 2024



"We firmly support the strengthening of human rights along the value chains, in accordance with the UN guiding principles on business and human rights."

"We will strive to ensure that the rights of all stakeholders, including farm workers, female farmers and young farmers, are strengthened along the value chain."



- New due diligence regulations like LkSG, CSDDD and EUDR demand corporate accountability, safeguarding human rights → including the right to food
- Solutions should be practical with low-bureaucracy to help companies meet HRDD requirements while maintaining operational feasibility
- Frameworks like certification schemes offer practical solutions to address social sustainability

THE FOOD SECURITY STANDARD (FSS)



INSTRUMENT FOR DEMONSTRATING HUMAN RIGHTS COMPLIANCE IN AGRICULTURAL VALUE CHAINS

- Enables the monitoring of compliance with the right to food in agricultural production
- Add-On to any existing sustainability standard to minimize effort and cost
- Suitable for every type of agricultural product & size of production site
- Translates the UN guidelines on the right to food into practical criteria for assessing the local situation
- Practical and proven approach to implement socially sustainable management systems on farm level





FSS - A GROWING INITIATIVE FOR HRDD





Only when all agricultural commodities are considered and human rights are respected, bioeconomy can be sustainable.

- Bioeconomy and Food Systems are two sides of the same coin
- Private sector plays a major role to fulfil the human right to food
- Practical tools exist:
 Frameworks like the FSS show food security integration is feasible
- Broader application is key to ensuring social sustainability in global agri value chains

FOOD SECURITY IN BIOECONOMY IS FEASIBLE!

Theresa Heering

Policy & External Relations

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Alternative Governance for Biomass Supply Chains: HRDD & Food Security



Prof. Dr. Lena Partzsch

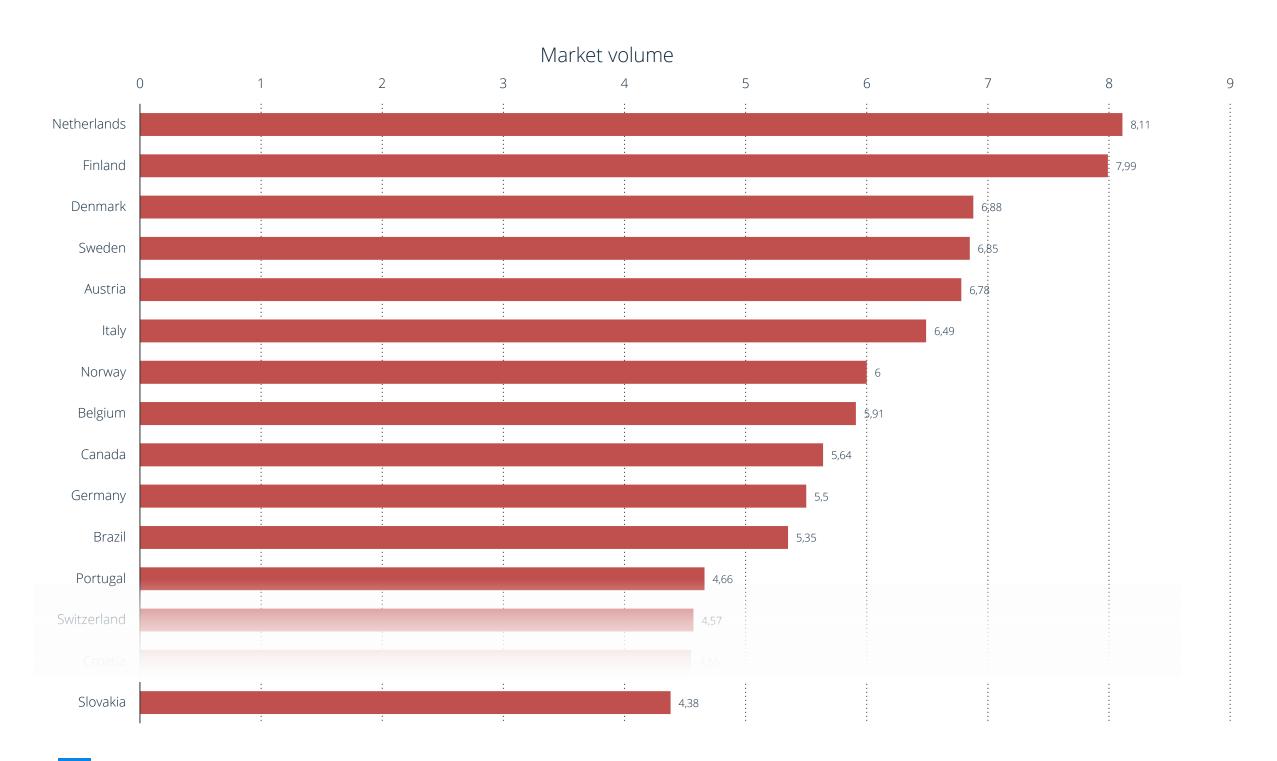
Globalization: A Challenge for Social and Environmental Regulation

- National market integration without social and environmental considerations
- Coffee as a "cash crop", collapse of the International Coffee Agreement in 1989
 led to world prices falling below production costs
- Limited state capacity to regulate supply chain issues, especially in the Global South
- Growing awareness of burden shifting in Western societies, e.g. EU is responsible for 44% of coffee-related deforestation





Per Capita Volume Sales in the Coffee Market Worldwide, by Country in 2023 (in kg)



Alternative Governance to Implement HDRR & Food Security

- Alternative #1: Certification is proof of standards in production and trade, with consumers voluntarily paying more
- Coffee sector has highest compliance rate, with 24% of global production certified in 2023
- Alternative #2: Public supply chain laws allow consumer countries to use their collective purchasing power to enforce rules on all importers and their suppliers
- Companies enforce legislation extraterritorially, with reporting as the basis for legal action in regulating states









Partzsch, L. *Alternatives to multilateralism: New forms of social and environmental governance*, MIT Press, Cambridge MA, 2020, open access: https://direct.mit.edu/books/book/4871/Alternatives-to-MultilateralismNew-Forms-of-Social



Challenges to Discuss

- Reporting adds bureaucracy and poor quality prevents legal action (better quality, if certified)
- Control and monitoring is left to overburdened/ underfunded NGOs; legal liability comes with EU CSDDD
- BAFA* has not yet reviewed reports; no information on data protection grounds
- Cooperation and conflicts with authorities of exporting (producing) countries (WTO compliance, etc.)

* BAFA: German Federal Office for Economic Affairs and Export Control









Human Rights Due Diligence in Global Supply Chains: Legal Background and HRDD in Practice

Max Jürgens

The Right to Food in the Context of Human Rights Due Diligence

- The right to food is enshrined in international law in Art. 11 (1) ICESCR
- The right to food may also be regarded as part of the right to life under Art. 6 (1)
 ICCPR
- The right to food is not explicitly mentioned as a protected legal position in the German Supply Chain Due Diligence Act (LkSG), the EUDR or the CSDDD
- However, the CSDDD considers the right to life (Annex I Part 1 No. 1 CSDDD)





The Right to Food in the Context of Human Rights Due Diligence

Nevertheless, the right to food is part of HRDD under current national and EU law:

Right to food as a cross-sectional right

LkSG

Acts that impair another legal position "in a particularly serious manner" must be considered

Sec. 2 (2) No. 12 LkSG

CSDDD

The Right to food as part of the right to life

Annex I Part 1 No. 1 CSDDD

EUDR

"Human rights protected under international law" must be considered if they are related to deforestation or biodiversity

Art. 2 No. 40 (f) EUDR and EU COM FAQ No. 3.3





Human Rights Due Diligence in Practice Investigations by the German Regulator (BAFA)

- Occasion-related and ad-hoc investigations by BAFA
- Numerous administrative offense proceedings already initiated
- Ad-hoc investigations related to
 - Responsibilities/Organization
 - Risk analysis/risk management
- Occasion-related investigations on the basis of
- Media coverage
 - Complaints by affected persons/NGOs





Human Rights Due Diligence in Practice Investigations by the German Regulator (BAFA)

Key take-aways:

- Involvement of NGOs in administrative procedures against companies, including access to files
- On-site audits as a helpful means of dismissing (or confirming) allegations
- Considerable efforts are required from large companies (corporations)
- Principle of "shared responsibility"
- Certificates as a way to implement due diligence obligations (risk analysis, preventive and remedial measures, monitoring)





Contact

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Q&A: Slido.com #2551937





4C Certification as a Tool to Strengthen HRDD – a Standard Owner's Perspective



Pia Lorenz

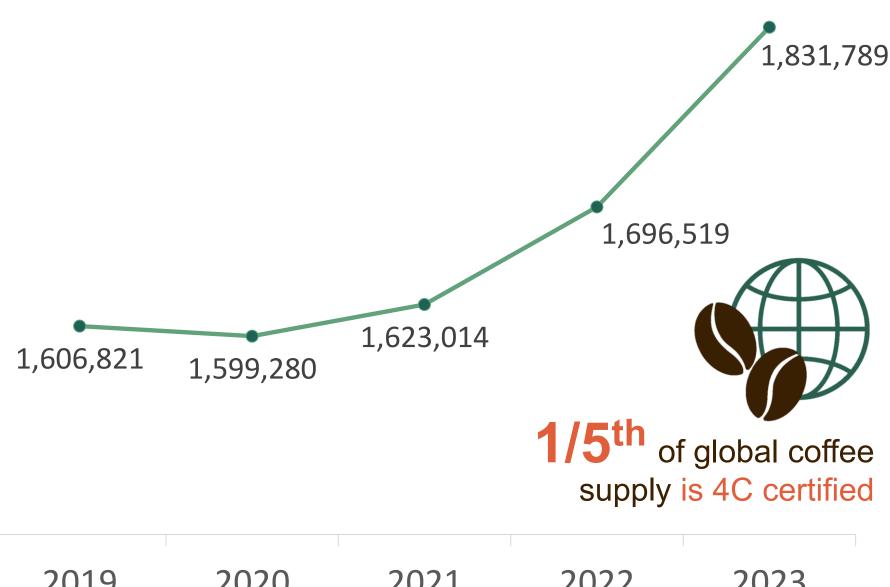
Overview

- 4C is an independent, stakeholder-driven, internationally recognized sustainability standard for coffee and cocoa
- 4C's criteria were developed in a transparent multi-stakeholder process
- Independent **3rd-party audits** ensure compliance with criteria from economic, social, and environmental dimensions
- **1.8 million tons** of green coffee **certified**, over 93% of 4C coffee producers are smallholders with less than 5ha





Available 4C certified coffee (in MT)







HRDD integrated in 4C sustainability requirements

Economic



4 Principles9 Criteria

Foster sustainable and efficient business management practices of groups of farmers including risk assessment, measure developed-implemented-reported to address risk and prevent the violation

Social



2 Principles21 Criteria

Promote fair and ethical practices within the coffee business. The principles strive to improve the quality of life for workers and contribute to a more just and equitable society.

Add-Ons:

- Advancing Equity and Empowering Women
 - Food Security

Environmental



6 Principles14 Criteria

Promote sustainable practices that minimize negative impacts on the environment and the conservation of the natural resources.

Add-On:

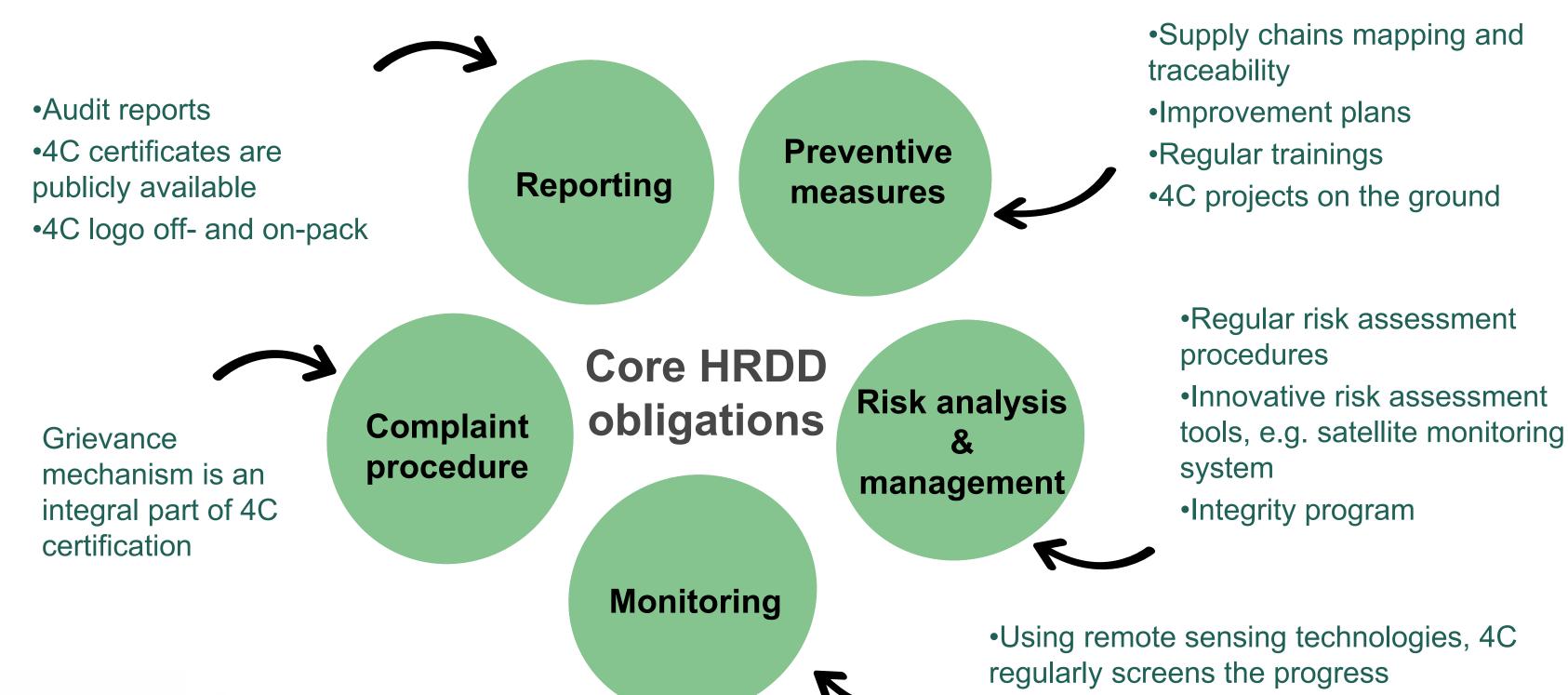
Carbon Footprint

Sustainable coffee and cocoa production





4C as a tool to strengthen HRDD obligations







Improvement plans

Mandatory commercial reporting

Key messages

- Certification is a proven and efficient method to take control of sustainability risks in highly complex global supply chains. The benefits and effects of standards and certificates are recognised within due diligence regulations.
- Certification systems align with regulatory frameworks, helping to meet increasing due diligence requirements on national and global levels. 4C promotes and facilitates the implementation of measures to ensure compliance with due diligence obligations and verify adherence to human rights standards.
- Independent 3rd party certification systems should be used as a complementary instrument to companies' own due diligence systems.





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Q&A: Slido.com #2551937





Eni Agri Feedstock Initiatives



Benedetta Camilli

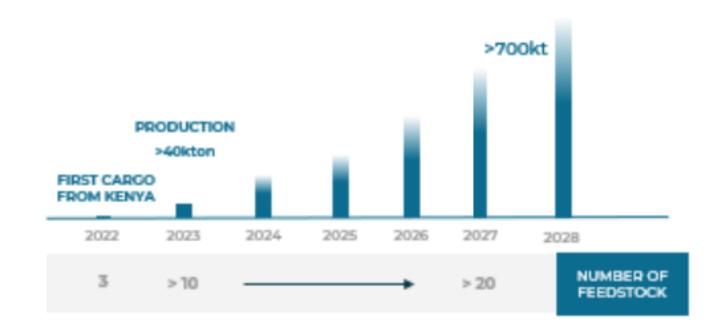
Eni biorefining vertical integration through agri feedstock

DISTINGUISHING MODEL BASED ON AGRICULTURE AND RESIDUES VALORIZATION

KEY FEATURES

SECURITY OF SUPPLY	> 700kt+ in 2028
COMPETITIVE COST	Vs market benchmark
LOW CARBON FOOTPRINT	Low GHG profile, with target of carbon neutral / carbon negative
QUALITY	Eligible for SAF production

AGRI FEEDSTOCK PRODUCTION



SOCIO ECONOMIC IMPACT (KPI 2028) **FARMERS**

~ 700 thousand farmers involved with opportunity for long term, stable additional revenues

million hectares regenerated and valorized

FOOD SECURITY

> 1 million tons animal feed and fertilizers





EU RED III ANNEX IX REVISION UPSIDE





SEVERLY DEGRADED LANDS

INTERMEDIATE **CROPS**

SUSTAINABILITY OF SUPPLY CHAINS







FOOD SECURITY STANDARD

LOW ILUC CERTIFICATION

CAPACITY BUILDING AND SUPPORT TO FARMERS



PARTNERSHIP SINCE MAY 2024



PARTNERSHIP SINCE NOVEMBER 2023

Eni Agri Feedstock distinguishing model

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCTION







SMALL FARMERS

Cultivation of non-food crops on degraded land (according to EU RED)

LARGE FARMERS

Cover and intermediate crops after cereal production

AGRO PROCESSING & AGRO-FORESTRY

Residues and food rejects

AGRI HUB (OIL EXTRACTION PLANTS)



VEGETABLE OIL

Feedstock for bio refineries

BY PRODUCTS

Animal feed and fertilizers

THIRD PARTY EXTRACTION SERVICE (TOLLING)











AGRICULTURAL SUPPLY CHAIN

Cultivation entrusted to farmers on their own lands Capacity building targeting the best agricultural practice

and carbon farming

Access to market & socio-economic development in rural areas

Sustainable agricultural Land Management (SALM)

Model Farm promoting the best agricultural practices, pilot fields, training and transfer of knowledge

INDUSTRIAL PLANTS

Industrial model flexibility

Agri - Hub standardization

Food security with animal feed & fertilizer

Local content and transfer of industrial know-how

Diversification by feedstock and countries

Focus on advanced and low GHG feedstock





Non-food crops degraded land Castor, Brassica carinata, ..



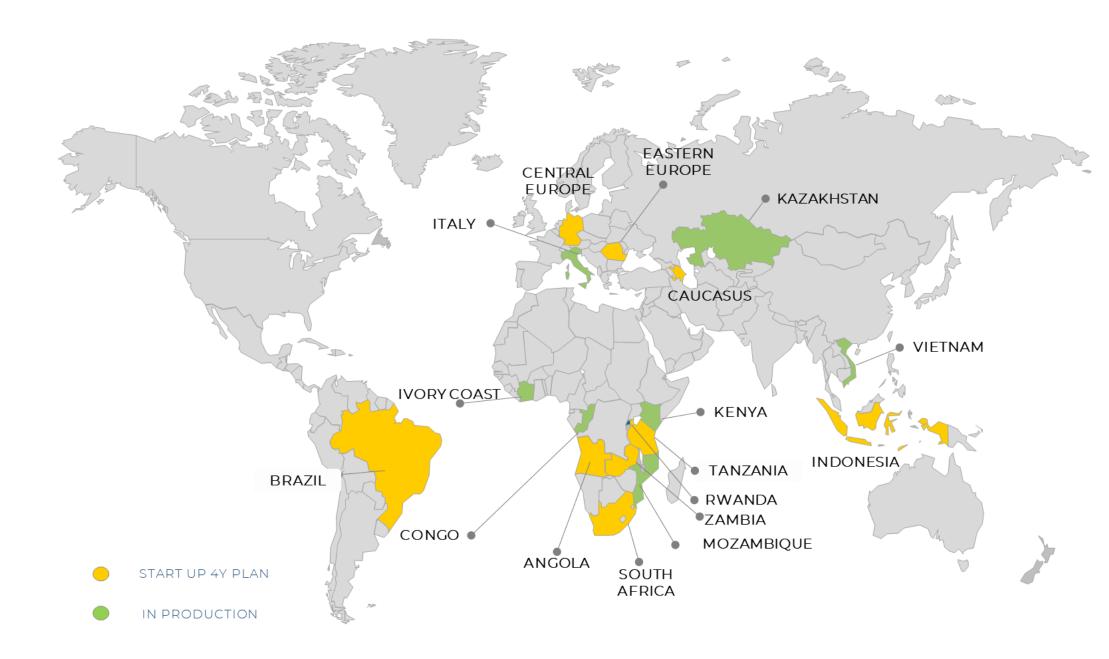
Cover and intermediate crops Camelina, safflower





Agro-industrial and forestry residuesResidues from rubber, cashew,
dried fruit, cotton

Focus on key countries, leveraging on upstream presence



SCOUTING: more than 10 geographies in Far East, East EU, Africa and Americas





THANK YOU



Q&A: Slido.com #2551937









Strengthening Human Rights in Agricultural Production through HRDD and Certification - an Auditors' Perspective



Insights from social audits



KEEP PLANTING TREES TO
HIT AIR POLLUTION













How HRDD

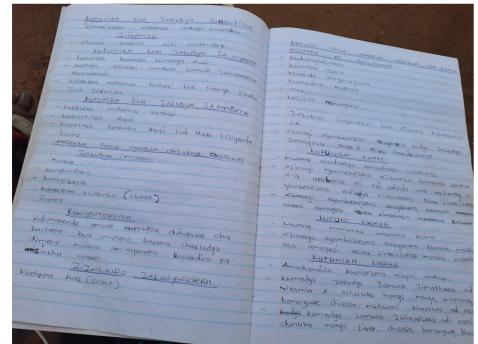








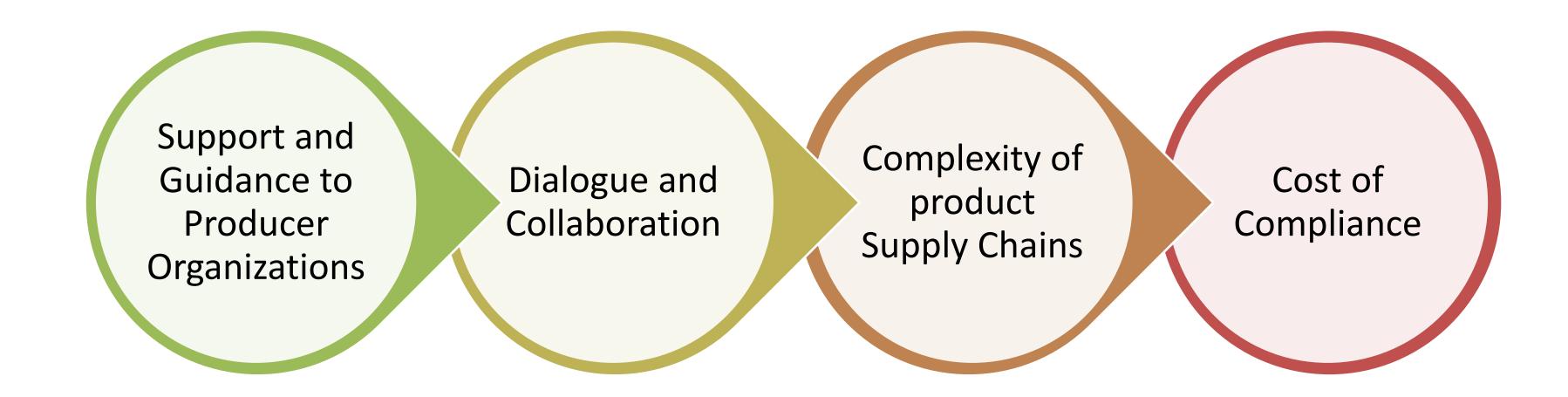








Items of further consideration











ALIGNING BIOMASS PRODUCTION WITH HRDD AND LOCAL FOOD SECURITY: PRACTICAL APPROACHES







PROF. DR. LENA PARTZSCH
Freie Universität Berlin



PIA LORENZ 4C Services



MICHAEL KITETU
Independent Auditor



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CLOSING REMARKS



Swantje Nilsson